

Sales by Auction.

[illegible]

Local Notices.

of the rebellion, they declare them to be without any legal basis, and they declare that they will not allow a course that is being pursued by a set of political adventurers, they declare that they have no sympathy with the rebels, and that they will do all in their power to make efforts to crush it. This document has been extensively circulated in Acapulco, and has made considerable impression upon the minds of the people. The impression has been that the principal families of the place have commenced to leave the city. But the rebels, who are short of funds, have turned the heads of the people in this respect, and have succeeded in making them doubt, and the value of this article is in proportion to the fears of the applicant.

The rebels have been removed to the rear, and we seek from both Government camps have been transferred to them; large supplies of shot and loaded shells have been sent to them, and they have been able to increase their ammunition, and everything indicates the proximity of the attack. Still I do not think that I will wish to think that the rebels will be able to capture the city, or be taken. The term of grace expires on the 15th, and the mail leaves on the 22d. There is no certainty that the rebels will be able to capture the city, or be taken. It is useless to anticipate, for it is not known whether Col. Prado intends to await the arrival of the 20th Infantry, or commence the attack on the 15th. It is probable that he will be in this camp by the 20th, according to the contract of the engineer, the government were to furnish men and beasts, but the rebels have refused to accept of the contract, and the troops, and a force of mountaineers have been threatening to working parties, and the result is that the Hákelyan will be able to capture the city, and the rebels will remain, although it can be brought to this place in 10 days more. I do not think it all necessary for the reduction of the city; we have artillery sufficient for that purpose.

The troops are all anxious for the fight to come off, and they feel that it is their duty to fight, but with little loss to either side.

of the machine to increase
 five thousand dollars be, and
 for a period of three months.

The enemy have made one or two sallies from their camp, but were driven back almost as quick as they made good their approach.

The principal event in Lima, since my last, has been the arrival of the Grand Conde, Tomas de la Mosquera, from his exile in the United States, and his reception during the term of his exile. His reception was quite enthusiastic. Upon landing he was received at the wharf by the President, the Vice-President, the Ministers, and the members of the Lima, accompanied by a band of music. Upon the General's landing a number of speeches were made, after which the whole party went to breakfast, which had been prepared for the occasion at the Hotel de Europa. After the meal the General was received at the station to Lima, where he was received at the station by the Aide-de-Camps of the President, and after remaining about an hour he withdrew to his hotel. If we are to judge from the large number of visitors that are calling upon the General, he appears to be quite popular.

It is difficult to do justice to the General's appearance. I think that the United States of Columbia have made a mistake in sending, or allowing the Grand General to come with his wife, his children, his staff, and his retinue for their security.

An express has just arrived from Cerro de Pasco, bringing the news that the Government forces, and the Government forces and the Rebels at a short distance from the town. The Government forces were defeated after an engagement of three hours, the combatants were killed in a very cowardly manner, and through his inability Cerro de Pasco has fallen into the hands of the revolutionists.

The first news arrived from Pimental, the first news one day's later news from Chiclayo. The engagement was still going on when the steamer left, but it was not of such a sanguinary character as the first. The rebels were being fought entirely by artillery. The killed and wounded on both sides do not amount to fifty all told. The Minister of War, Col. Antonio de la Torre, was killed on the second day, and was slightly wounded on the third day of attack.

assigned by the said Eli
bearing date the eighteenth

BOLIVIA.

X. PRESIDENT ACHAC—INSURRECTION IN EASTERN BOLIVIA.

LIMA, Dec. 21.—We have dates from Sucre up to the 25th November, and Oruro to the 16th of the present month. Gen. Melgarzo was in Potosi with his army.

The Prefect of Oruro had made a forced loan upon the merchants to meet the expenses of the army.

Gen. Achac, the predecessor of Melgarzo, had escaped on prison, and his whereabouts were not known.

It is reported that Eastern Bolivia had revolted against the Government, and that a Viceroy that Argentinean carried into Bolivia when the Bolivians were pursued by Gen. Pacencio, have been handed over to the revolutionaries, who have named Gen. Vazquez their commander. All other parts of the republic were quiet.

CHILE.

SECRET SESSION OF CONGRESS—CABINET SECRETS—THE ALLIED FLEET—PUBLIC WORKS IN VALPARAISO—NEW COLONY IN THE STRAITS OF MAGELLAN—ARANCO.

From Our Own Correspondent.

LIMA, Dec. 21, 1867.

The investigation demanded by Senator Ovalle as to the \$200,000 that were delivered to the Harin de Rivera last year, was held on Friday last in secret session, and here is the result. Three weeks ago the Minister of War was requested in the Senate to give an account of the investiture of \$200,000 in mortars, and to state whether the mortars had been built, and if built, where were they? To this the Minister replied that it was not \$700,000, but \$400,000.

on-street, from Canal to St.

The minister was contradicted by Señor Ovalle, who said that the contract was not for the purchase of the machine, but that it was \$500,000, and in proof of which he demanded that the journal of the Senate should be produced. The minister said that the contract had not yet been made and had to be altered, and to be full of clauses, the entries having all been changed so that the statement of the contract should be in accordance with the Senate as to the truth of his statement. When the Senate maintained silence upon the subject, the Minister insisted that the amount was only \$500,000, and that he would not allow the Senate to be deceived. He transferred the contract to another builder, and that by his time the vessels ought to be on their way to Chili, as the Chilean minister had been notified. He said that they were receiving the last of their outfit, with reference to the clause in the contract with the firm of Armand that stipulated that they shall pay the sum of \$20 for every day that the vessels were in the harbor. The minister stated that that amount would be received at a very day.

At the close of the War then related the reason why the Peruvian squadron was not sent to the Atlantic, after the Spanish squadron had been repulsed at Callao. The minister said that the Government of Peru, then presided over by Don Jose J. Perez, at which no naval officer assisted, nor even the Peruvian Minister.

A Senator inquired of the Minister why the naval forces were not sent to the Atlantic, as the Congress had authorized such large amounts of money had been spent in fitting out the squadron for the Atlantic. To which the Minister replied that the Government of Peru, then President, Balta was not called because he had given the crazy council previous power to destroy the Xumanaca with a torpedo, which was the only vessel that was sent to the Pacific, and the provisions for the expedition, they were purchased so as to be ready in case they were required. Information was demanded in the House of Representatives to relate the reasons why the Peruvian fleet was not sent to the Republic of Chile, owing to the former having taken objections to certain passages in the late message of the President. The answer was that for minister

INDEPENDENCE, New Court-House

The Minister of War was in Valparaiso, and the Minister of the Treasury was also expected for the purpose of inspecting the stores of the arsenal. A steamer which had come in from London, and which had been detained at Valparaiso, to wait a stone wharf which vessels are so long delayed at and discharge cargoes; to build new wharves, and to repair the old ones. The Government had ordered the destruction of the Spanish fleet, a breakwater, a stone pier, a navy-yard; and lastly (but very doubtfully) a stone pier dock for ironclads.

The Minister of Finance will be finished in a few days. There was a double assassination committed upon the road a few days ago. One of the assassins was seen on the road a few days ago. The road, and won't have any more such for the wife of one of the victims if she had not saved herself by flight.

The Government has issued the Regulations for the new colony in the Straits of Magellan. The emigrants are to be furnished with a house, army rations, and \$5 per month, besides 50 acres of land, with a cow, and a horse. The first emigration office has been opened in Valparaiso, and about 40 persons had accepted the terms. The steamer *Aranda* is detailed to convey the new emigrants to the Straits of Magellan, or to stipend. There will be no ready to go by the time that the steamer is ready.

The exchanched procurers of war are expected every day in Valparaiso.

A large number of Chilean naval officers will leave for England to receive the prizes of the capture of the *Esmeralda*, to take the prizes of the two ironclad ships built before the war broke out with Spain.

The news received from all parts of Chile reports the great success of the arms of the Government. It is expected that will be produced this year not less than ten millions of *pesetas*. A *fanaga* is 164 *l* *l*.

The reports received from all parts of Chile are considered favorable, the first the Indians would not listen to the proposal to send them to the Government, and they have at last yielded, but only so long as there is a military force to enforce it.